ABSTRACT

Aackslashdevice for continuous mixing of at least two components, such as liquids and/or powders. The device comprises a fixst means for joining the components in layers, and a second means for discharging the joined components during simultaneous deformation of a layer structure obtained in the joining, to provide\a homogeneous mixture of components. device is characterized in that the first means comprises a layering means and a receiving means rotatable about a longitudinal axis and having a receiving surface which faces the $_{i}$ =layering means comprises λ layering means and is arranged $\stackrel{ ext{$\stackrel{ op}{=}}}{}$ radially outside the same. \backslash The layering means is adapted to Talternately dispose the components in the form of thin layers on the receiving surface to form a stratum of layer structure, and the receiving means is during ratation adapted to support said stratum. The present invention also relates to a method for continuous mixing of at least two components. 11

ABSTRACT

CC

C.C.

A device for continuous mixing of at least tow +wo components, such as liquids and/or powders. The device comprises first elements for joining the components in layers, and second elements for discharging the joined components during simultaneous deformation of a layer structure obtained in the joining, to provide a homogeneous mixture of components. The first elements include a layering element and a receiving element rotatable about a longitudinal axis and having a receiving surface which faces the layering element the layering which has and is arranged radially outside the The layering element is adapted to alternately dispose the components to be mixed in the form if thin layers on the receiving surface to form a stratum of layer structure, and the receiving element is during rotation adapted to support the stratum. The present invention also relates to a method for continuous mixing of at least two components.

WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION International Bureau



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 7: B01F 3/08, 3/12, 3/18

A1

(11) International Publication Number:

WO 00/37164

(43) International Publication Date:

29 June 2000 (29.06.00)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/SE99/02385

(22) International Filing Date:

16 December 1999 (16.12.99)

(30) Priority Data:

9804442-3

21 December 1998 (21.12.98)

Published

SE

With international search report.

Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.

(81) Designated States: JP, NO, US, European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,

In English translation (filed in Swedish).

(72) Inventor; and

(75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): ANDERSSON, Alf [SE/SE]; Box 23, S-269 35 Ödåkra (SE).

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): GLOBAL

POWDER AB [SE/SE]; Vesslevägen 13 A, S-183 40 Täby

(74) Agent: AWAPATENT AB; Box 5117, S-200 71 Malmö (SE).

(54) Title: DEVICE AND METHOD FOR CONTINUOUS MIXING

(57) Abstract

A device for continuous mixing of at least two components, such as liquids and/or powders. The device comprises a first means (8, 15) for joining the components in layers, and a second means (6, 18) for discharging the joined components during simultaneous deformation of a layer structure obtained in the joining, to provide a homogeneous mixture of components. The device is characterised in that the first means (8, 15) comprises a layering means (8) and a receiving means (15) rotatable about a longitudinal axis (13) and having a receiving surface (22) which faces the layering means (8) and is arranged radially outside the same. The layering means (8) is adapted to alternately dispose the components in the form of thin layers on the receiving surface (22) to form a stratum of layer structure, and the receiving means (15) is during rotation adapted to support said stratum. The present invention also relates to a method for continuous mixing of at least two components.

